INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY/DISTRICT MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST INTERNAL NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM

Property/District Name: Athol	Survey Number: <u>HO-37</u>
Tax Parcel#: 108	
Project: Maryland 216/29 Project Planning Study	Agency: MDOT-SHA
Site visit by MHT Staff:noyes Name	Date
Eligibility recommended X Eligibility not recomm	mended
Criteria: XA BXC D Considerations: A	_BCDEFGNone
Justification for decision: (Use continuation sheet if necessary	y and attach map)
Athol, at 6680 Martin Road, is eligible due to the fact that it does Preliminary research has not revealed any association between the past (Criterion B). There is no evidence that the property is likely prehistory (Criterion D). The property does, however, reveal an as ontribution to the broad patterns of our history (Criterion A). It amounts and distinguished and it does display high artistic merit (Celigible.	dwelling and the lives of persons significant in our to yield information important in history or ssociation with events that have made a significant also provides an example of the Georgian style; it is
The property known historically as Athol is located at 6680 Martin known as Athol was originally built as the rectory for the Old Brid 1728. The building was constructed between 1732 and 1740 in the Episcopal minister to serve the church, on 600 acres of land grante of his ancestral home in Scotland, MacGill patented the property udetailed and constructed of fine local materials including granite, of the position the church held within Colonial society and the crafts responsible for the construction of the building. The property rempart of the 19th century, when it was subsequently subdivided. The been restored and stands as one of the oldest dwellings in Howard Documentation on the property/district is presented in: Mary and Maryland 29/216 Project Planning Report	ck Church in Guilford, which was established in the Georgian style for James MacGill, the first and by King Charles on August 17, 1732. In honor under the name of "Athol." The rectory, splendidly bak, walnut, and pine, reflected the importance of manship of the immigrant Scottish masons who were ained in the MacGill family until about the early the former rectory, retaining the name Athol, has County.
Prepared by: Traceries, 5420 Western Ave., Chevy Chase, N	MD 20815 October 1997
Olfmoln_	2/10/96
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services Da	ite V V
NR program concurrence:	(,
- BKurty	3/31/99
Reviewer, NR Program U	te .

CAPSULE SUMMARY

Athol 6680 Martin Road (HO-37)

The property known historically as Athol is located at 6680 Martin Road, overlooking Route 29. Designed in the Georgian style, Athol is a two-and-a-half-story masonry house with a coursed stone foundation and coursed granite walls. The house, constructed between 1732-1740, has a central-passage, single-pile plan. It is covered with a steeply pitched side gable roof that is clad with asphalt shingle. Ornamented with bedmolding, the boxed cornice returns at the northeast and southwest elevations. The original portion of the house has strict symmetry accentuated with stone quoining, elongated double-hung windows, central entries at the facade and rear elevations, and flanking interior end coursed stone chimneys.

The Georgian manor house known as Athol was originally built as the rectory for the Old Brick Church in Guilford, which was established in 1728. The building was constructed between 1732 and 1740 for James MacGill, the first episcopal minister to serve the church, on 600 acres of land granted by King Charles on August 17, 1732. In honor of his ancestral home in Scotland, MacGill patented the property under the name of "Athol." The rectory, splendidly detailed and constructed of fine local materials including granite, oak, walnut, and pine, reflected the importance of the position the church held within Colonial society and the craftsmanship of the immigrant Scottish masons who were responsible for the construction of the building. The property remained in the MacGill family until about the early part of the 19th century, when it was subsequently subdivided. The former rectory, retaining the name Athol, has been restored and stands as one of the oldest dwellings in Howard County.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST Inventory No. HO-037 MD INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES				
1. Name of Property				
historic name Athol common/other name				
2. Location				
street & number 6680 Martin Road not for publication city or town Columbia vicinity state Maryland code MD county Howard code 027 zip code				
3. State/Federal Agency Certification N/A				
4. National Park Service Certification N/A				
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check all that apply) X private public-local public-State public-Federal				
Category of Property (Check only one box) X building(s) district site structure object				
Number of Resources within Property Contributing Noncontributing				
3 0 buildings 0 0 sites 0 0 structures 0 0 objects 3 0 Total				
Is this property listed in the National Register? Yes Name of Listing No _X				

Athol 6680 Marti	nventory of Historic Properti n Road nty, Maryland		Inventory	No. <u>HO-037</u> Page 2
6. Functio		=====	=======	=======
Cat:	unctions (Enter categories from Sub: Single Church-Relate	om inst ngle Dw	ructions)	
	nctions (Enter categories fro		ructions) Single Dv	welling
======================================	tion		======:	
	ral Classification (Enter cat Georgian			
found roof	(Enter categories from instrulation <u>Solid: Coursed Stone</u> <u>Side Gable: Asphalt Shingle</u> <u>Masonry: Coursed Stone</u>	:S	_	
Narrative:	Description (Describe the hist	coric a	nd current	t condition

of the property.)

See Continuation Sheet No. 7-1

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Athol 6680 Martin Road Howard County, Maryland

Inventory No. $\underline{\text{HO-037}}$ Page 3

8. Statement of Significance				
Applicable Nat	Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)			
<u>X</u> A	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.			
В	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.			
<u>X</u> C	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.			
D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.			
Criteria Considerations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)				
A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.			
В	removed from its original location.			
C	a birthplace or a grave.			
D	a cemetery.			
E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.			
F	a commemorative property.			
G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.			

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Athol Inventory No. HO-037 6680 Martin Road Page 4 Howard County, Maryland Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) Architecture Religion Period of Significance <u>ca. 1732 - present</u> Significant Dates <u>1732-1740</u> 1768 Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) Cultural Affiliation <u>Undefined</u> Architect/Builder <u>Unknown</u> Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of

See Continuation Sheet No. 8-1

the property.)

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Athol 6680 Martin Road Howard County, Maryland

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Holland, Celia M. Old Homes and Families of Howard County, Maryland. Privately Printed, 1987.

Howard County Land Records, Recorder of Deeds, Howard County, Ellicott City, Maryland

Maryland Historical Trust Worksheet, "HO-37: Athol." Prepared by Cleora Barnes Thompson, Archivist, Comprehensive Planning Section, Ellicott City, Maryland.

Stein, Charles Francis, Jr. Origin and History of Howard County, Maryland. Baltimore, MD: Howard County Historical Society, 1972.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property 2.3362 acres

Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property.)

The property at 6680 Martin Road is designated as Parcel 108, as indicated on Map 36, Grid 19.

Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.) The property at 6680 Martin Road has historically been associated with Parcel 108 since the building's construction in the eighteenth century.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title A.B. Lowery & K.A. Gettings, Architectural Historians organization Traceries date Nov. 11, 1997 street & number 5420 Western Ave. telephone (301)656-5283 city or town Chevy Chase state MD zip code 20815

12. Property Owner

name Edwina Dike street & number 15554 Prince Frederick Way telephone (301)598-5282 city or town Silver Spring state MD zip code 20906

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES CONTINUATION SHEET

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Athol
name of property
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The property known historically as Athol is located at 6680 Martin Road, overlooking Old Columbia Road. Designed in the Georgian style, Athol is a two-and-a-half-story masonry house with a coursed stone foundation and coursed granite walls. The house, constructed 1732-1740, has a centra-passage, single-pile plan. It is covered with a steeply pitched side gable roof that is clad with asphalt shingle. Ornamented with bedmolding, the boxed cornice returns at the northeast and southwest elevations. The original portion of the house has strict symmetry accentuated with stone quoining, elongated double-hung windows, central entries at the facade and rear elevations, and flanking interior end coursed stone chimneys.

The house has sustained two additions at the northeast elevation: an uncoursed stone addition, 1-1/2 stories in height, in 1768, and a one story wood frame conservatory addition with a random stone foundation in the 1980s. Additionally, wood frame dormers with front gables and 6/6 windows were unequally placed at the facade and rear elevations.

Sited between Martin Road and Columbia Pike, Athol is set on a hill to the west of Columbia Pike. The large lot is densely wooded at the sides and the rear. A wood fence defines the northeastern and northwestern boundaries, and the area around the house is landscaped with bushes and mature trees. A circular drive extends from Martin Road to the southeast elevation of the house.

EXTERIOR DESCRIPTION:

Overlooking Columbia Pike to the southeast, the facade of Athol expresses its two-and-a-half-story height and five-bay width with evenly spaced openings. The main body of the house contains a central entrance reached by a flight of stone steps. The opening is filled with a replacement double-leaf panelled door, Italianate The opening is trimmed with ovolo casings, and crowned with a three-light transom and a narrow lug lintel. Secured with brick surrounds, elongated 4/4 replacement sash windows flank the main entry. Each of the window openings is detailed with ovolo casings, wood sills, and narrow lug lintels. The dominating side gable roof is pierced by three front gable dormers, each filled with replacement 6/6 metal sash windows with square-edged casings. The dormers, clad with asbestos shingles, are proportionally too wide for the original period of construction. Based on the architectural style of the building, it is believed they replaced original dormer that were more slender in width. The symmetrical balance of the facade is supported by the two imposing interior end MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES CONTINUATION SHEET

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Athol name of property Howard County, MD county and state ______

stone chimneys.

The southwest elevation of the building remains symmetrically intact as originally designed. The first story is marked by two 6/6 windows with wood sills and narrow lug lintels. The second story has two metal sash windows, one of which is 6/6 and one of which is 4/4. The upper half story contains two one-light casement The openings of the second and half stories have more modest surrounds of wood and no lintels. The cornice returns at this elevation, extending with an overhanging to the ridgeline of the roof.

True to the Georgian style, the rear or northwest elevation is symmetrically and virtually identical, save the number of bays. The reduction of openings denotes this elevation was historically the rear of the building, a more private space where the displaying ornament, style, and wealth were limited. The original main block of the elevation is three bays wide with a central-passage plan.

The foundation of the rear elevation is pierced by two 6-light wood casement windows. The first story is marked by the double-wide central entry. The replacement wood and glass doors are recessed within the opening, surrounded by square-edge casings with an ovolo bead, a three-light transom, and narrow lug lintel. facade, the entry is accessed by a flight of stone steps that form a small patio. Almost symmetrically above the foundation openings are the elongated 4/4 replacement sash windows. Each has ovolo casings, narrow lug lintels, and wood sills. Again unequally spaced, three front gable dormers protrude from the roof with 6/6 metal sashes.

This elevation is unbalanced by the constructed of the 1768 addition to the northeast side of the building. Extending the wall plane of the rear elevation, the addition is one bay in width with a side gable roof that does not extend to the ridgeline of the main roof. The addition has a standard size window opening with a 6/6 windows at the first story. The roof is penetrated by a front gable wall dormer that interrupts the boxed cornice crudely. asbestos clad dormer holds a 6/6 metal window.

Marked by the two additions, the northeast elevation of the main block is visible at the second story and the gable end only in part. The elevation was originally identically symmetrical to the southwest elevation, yet retains only one of the second story window openings, not filled with a 4/4 replacement sash. The gable

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end, or upper half story, contains a single one-light casement windows. The openings of the second and half stories have modest surrounds of wood and no lintels. The cornice returns at this elevation, extending with an overhanging to the ridgeline of the roof.

The largest addition to the northeast elevation was constructed in 1768 of uncoursed stone. It is covered by a side gable roof with a steeper pitch to the northwest, allowing it to match the pitch of the main roofline. Physical evidence indicates the northeast side of the 1768 addition had an exterior end chimney of stone, the base of which remains. Ghosting of the chimney stack is visible around the paired six-light casement windows that now pierce the first story of the elevation. The opening is trimmed with square-edged surrounds, a thick mullion, and an imposing lug lintel of stone. To the east of where the chimney stack once rose is a single window opening filled with a 6/6 metal sash. This opening is similarly finished with a wood sill, ovolo casings, and lug stone lintels.

The most recent addition, a one-story conservatory erected in the 1980s, is addressed separately to allow the historic main block and its significant addition to the visualized. This wood frame addition, set on a rubble stone foundation, has been constructed on the northeast elevation of the main block and the southeast elevation of the 1768 addition. It has a low sloping roof, overhanging eaves, a boxed cornice, and bedmolding. weatherboard clad walls are marked by rows of 9/9 metal sash windows, separated by imposing ovolo-molded mullions of aluminum. The slightly elongated openings are finished with a continuous wood sill and square-edged casings. The addition has a single exterior entry opening on the southeast elevation that is filled with a multi-light door and a three-light transom. Above this 1980s addition is the second story of the 1768 stone addition, punctuated by two replacement 6/6 metal sash windows.

Of particular note is the undated historic photograph submitted with the 1977 Maryland Historical Trust Worksheet. This photograph shows that the south 1768 addition was largely obscured by a twobay wide porch set on brick piers. The sloping roof of the porch was supported by square posts. The photograph also indicates that the first story of the southeast elevation of the main block was covered by a five-bay wide wood frame porch, set upon stone piers. The sloping roof was supported by tapering Doric columns ornamented with cross balusters. Most notably was the wood frame lantern set at the center of the roof ridge. Proportionally out-of-scale to

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the house, the imposing lantern was clad with weatherboard, pierced by paired 2/2 wood sash windows, and capped by a pyramidal roof. It was adorned with scrolled brackets, thick mullions, and recessed panels below the openings. The lantern and the two above mentions porches, all of which appear to have been constructed in the latter part of the 19th century, were subsequently removed in the 1980s.

OUTBUILDINGS:

To the south of the house is a wood frame garage that dates from the 1930s or 1940s. The garage is clad in board and batten and covered with a front gable roof sheathed in asphalt shingles. To the west of the house is a shed that dates from the same period. Similarly constructed of wood frame, the shed is also clad in board and batten siding. It has a side gable roof of standing seam metal.

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Athol
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The Georgian manor house known as Athol was originally built as the rectory for the Old Brick Church in Guilford, which was established in 1728. The building was constructed between 1732 and 1740 for James MacGill, the first Episcopal minister to serve the church, on 600 acres of land granted by King Charles on August 17, 1732. In honor of his ancestral home in Scotland, MacGill patented the property under the name of "Athol." The rectory, splendidly detailed and constructed of fine local materials including granite, oak, walnut, and pine, reflected the importance of the position the church held within Colonial society and the craftsmanship of the immigrant Scottish masons who were responsible for the construction of the building. The property remained in the MacGill family until about the early part of the 19th century, when it was subsequently subdivided. The former rectory, retaining the name Athol, has been restored and stands as one of the oldest dwellings in Howard County.

The Old Brick Church, the first church of Queen Caroline Parish, was attended by many of the areas prominent families such as the Dorseys, Griffiths, Hammonds, Howards, Ridgelys, Shipleys, and Worthingtons. Pew holders included Thomas Worthington, Caleb Dorsey, and Judge R. Ridgely, to name a few. Athol was constructed between 1732 and 1740 for James MacGill, the first Episcopal minister to serve the Old Brick Church. The original land grant for the property, which was comprised of 600 acres, from King Charles to James MacGill was bestowed on August 17, 1732. The grant reads:

Charles R. know ye that forein consideral that the Rev. James MacGill of Ann Arundel County in our Province of Maryland due unto him 600 acres of land with in our same province by virtue of two warrant for that quantity granted him, the one for 400 acres, bearing date 1st day of Septem 17 and 30 and the other for the remaining 200 acres bearing date the 19 Jan. in the same year as appeared in our land office and upon such condition and forms as are expressed in our conditions of plantation of our said Provence bearing date the 5th day of April 1684 and remain upon record in our Provence. Together with such attention as in them are made by our further considerations, bearing date the 4th day of December 1696. Together also with the attention made by our instructions,

¹ The 1977 MHT form for Athol notes a dated stone lintel on the south elevation. No physical evidence of this inscription was located.

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bearing date London at London the 12th day of September 1712 and registered in our secretary's office of our said Province, we do therefore, hereby grant unto him the said James MacGill all that tract or parcell of land called Athol, lying and being in the county aforesaid in a for the Patuxent River called Winkepin....²

A dated stone marker, now on adjacent property, was inscribed Athol, 1730.

MacGill brought with him masons from Scotland to erect his "English castle." A quarry at the southern tip of the 600-acres property supplied the granite for the walls, chimneys and piers, and local oak pine and walnut trees supplied the wood for the floors, joists, stair, and trim.

During his years as Rector, James MacGill amassed large land holdings in what was then Anne Arundel County. These included the acquisition of the property known as "New Year's Gift" from Caleb and John Dorsey in 1738 (Liber RD 3, Folio 85), the purchase of 237 acres known as "Brown's Hopyard" and "William's Lot" from Able Brown in 1748 (Liber RB 3, Folio 52), and the transfer of "Scanthings Lot" from Laurence MacMamard in 1750 (Liber RB 3, Folio 269).

MacGill continued to serve as the rector of the Old Brick Church until 1779. He died two years later, leaving his property, then amounting to 837 acres, to his children James, Robert, Sarah, Anne, Mary and Caroline. Although the chain of title is incomplete, the 1798 Federal Direct Tax reveals that the MacGills continued to own and occupy the property in the late eighteenth century. This tax list records that in addition to three of the MacGill sisters, Nehemiah Moxley, Sr. owned and occupied a portion of the original Athol property. In 1844, Nehemiah Moxley, Jr., who apparently acquired the land from his father, transfers his portion of the property to Alexander Hammond. Nicolas Worthington of John, who is recorded in 1866 as owner of another portion of Athol, seems to have acquired the land through family relationships as well. Thomas Worthington of John is also listed as owner of acreage at Athol in the 1798 Federal Direct Tax.

² Cleora B. Thompson, "Maryland Historical Trust Worksheet," circa 1977.

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According to Celia Holland in Old Homes and Families of Howard County, Maryland, two grave sites were located at Athol, although neither is associated with the property any longer because of numerous subdivisions. The property containing the grave site to the north passed out of the family when the land was sold. At that time, the bodies were reinterred elsewhere. The burial ground to the east was also sold, and the tombstones gradually disappeared, leaving the location of the site unmarked.

Throughout most of the first half of the 19th century, Athol was owned and occupied by the family of Alexander Hammond. In 1863, in the midst of the Civil War, the property was conveyed by trustees to Bradley S. Dixon. At the time of the sale, the former rectory held just 147 acres, purchased at \$22 an acres. Dixon retained ownership until his death in 1897, when the property was sold at a public auction for \$3,200 to Jennie M. Geaslen. By 1902, Athol had been purchased by John W. and Annie Stromberg. Annie Stromberg was able to purchase an additional 20 acres of the original patent in 1920, thus enlarging the property to over 150 acres.

During the period between 1927, when Stromberg died, and 1952, Athol was conveyed numerous times and the acreage continuously reduced. Tross and Edwina Dike purchased the house, then sitting on seven acres, in 1952. Over the years, the Dikes have restored Athol to its 1768 appears, when the significant random stone addition was constructed.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

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HISTORIC CONTEXT:

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Development Period (s):

Rural Agrarian Intensification (1680-1815) Agricultural-Industrial Transition (1815-1870)

Industrial/ Urban Dominance (1870-1930)

Modern Period (1930-present)

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme (s):

Architecture, Landscape, and Community

Planning Religion

RESOURCE TYPE(S)

Category: Building

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function (s): DOMESTIC/Single Dwelling

RELIGION/Church Related Residence

Known Design Source: Unknown

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Chain of Title:

August 17, 1732: King Charles to James MacGill

Original Land Grant

600 acres known as Athole

Patent Records of Anne Arundel County

Liber 8 Folio 604

1781: James MacGill to James MacGill

James MacGill passes his property to his

eldest son through his will

1782: James MacGill (Junior) to Sarah, Anne, Mary

and Caroline McGill

James MacGill (Junior) transfers the Athol

property to his four sisters

September 11, 1790: John MacGill and Patrick MacGill, executors of

John MacGill, Sr.'s will to Anne, Mary and

Caroline MacGill

John MacGill, Sr. empowers John and Patrick (presumably his sons) to sell his land in "Elkridge" part of a tract called "Athol

Enlarged" 139 acres

Land Records of Anne Arundel County

Liber NH 5 Folio 360

1798: 1798 Federal Direct Tax

Lists Owners of "Athol Enlarged": Mary, Anne and Caroline MacGill

and Nehemiah Moxley, Sr.

Property divided into three lots, each with a

residence set on 2 acres of land

Deed A:

December 5, 1844 James Shipley to Nehemiah Moxley (father of

Elizabeth Shipley)

Sold 322 acres for \$1500

Land Records of Howard County

Liber RLM 5 Folio 345

December 5, 1844 Nehemiah Moxley, Jr. to Alexander Hammond

Land Records of Howard County

Liber RLM 5 Folio 347

=======================================	Athol name of property Howard County, MD county and state
November 22, 1853	Alexander and Elizabeth Hammond to James S. and Margaret Ann Phelps, Mary Ellen Shipley, and Alexander and Elizabeth Hammond Equal shares granted to sisters, Margaret Ann Phelps, Mary Ellen Shipley, and Elizabeth Ann Hammond Land Records of Howard County Liber 14 Folio 158
November 22, 1853	Mary Ellen Shipley (sister of Margaret Ann Phelps) to James S. Phelps and Alexander Hammond Selling interest (one-third) in Athol Enlarged, four lots, for \$900 Land Records of Howard County Liber 14 Folio 160
November 22, 1853	James S. and Margaret A. Phelps to Alexander Hammond Selling their share of 322 acres of Athol Enlarged, the estate of James Shipley Land Records of Howard County Liber 14 Folio 162
June 4, 1863	M. Bannon, trustee, of Arthur P. Gorman (administrator of Peter Gorman's estate) v. Alexander and Elizabeth Hammond to Bradley S. Dixon Sold 147.5 acres of 4 parcels of Athol Enlarged and an additional 15 acres, 1 rood, and 36 perches for \$22 per acre Land Records of Howard County Liber WWW 22 Folio 467
October 21, 1897	John T. and Sarah E. Dixon, executors of the estate of Bradley S. Dixon to Jennie M. Geaslen Sold two parcels of Athol Enlarged at public auction on August 12, 1897 for \$3200 Bradley S. Dixon deceased May 31, 1897 (Wills Liber IS 3, Folio 462) Land Records of Howard County Liber JHO 67 Folio 567

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January 11, 1902 Jennie M. and James Stocker Geaslen to John W.

Stromberg

Sold 162 acres, 3 roods, and 36 square perches (save three exceptions totalling approximately 30 acres) near Atholton Post Office for \$4300 Land Records of Howard County

Liber JHO 74 Folio 640

April 7, 1914 John W. Stromberg to Annie C. Stromberg

Conveyed 133 acres, 3 roods, and 23 square

perches (two parcels)

Land Records of Howard County Liber WWLC 97 Folio 55

Deed B:

1798: 1798 Federal Direct Tax

Lists Owners of part of "Athol Enlarged":

Thomas Worthington (of John)

October 19, 1866 Nicholas Worthington (of John), estate devised

to Mary Ann and John R. Clarke

Property includes Worthington's Improvements and Athol Enlarged; Nicholas Worthington

deceased, Wills Liber 1, Folio 91

Land Records of Howard County Liber LJW 26

Folio 6

John H. Owings, trustee for court case of Susan D. Clarke, for infant children plaintiff January 25, 1902

v. Mary B. Clarke, et al., defendant, to Thomas O'Neill

John Clarke died intestate February 1890

Susan D. Clarke deceased, 72 acres, 1 rood

conveyed for \$1085.43

Land Records of Howard County

Liber JHO 74 Folio 638

January 22, 1909 Thomas and Annie O'Neill to Charles Holland

Sold 20.75 acres, part of previous land for

\$618.75

Land Records of Howard County

Liber WWLC 88 Folio 317

Athol

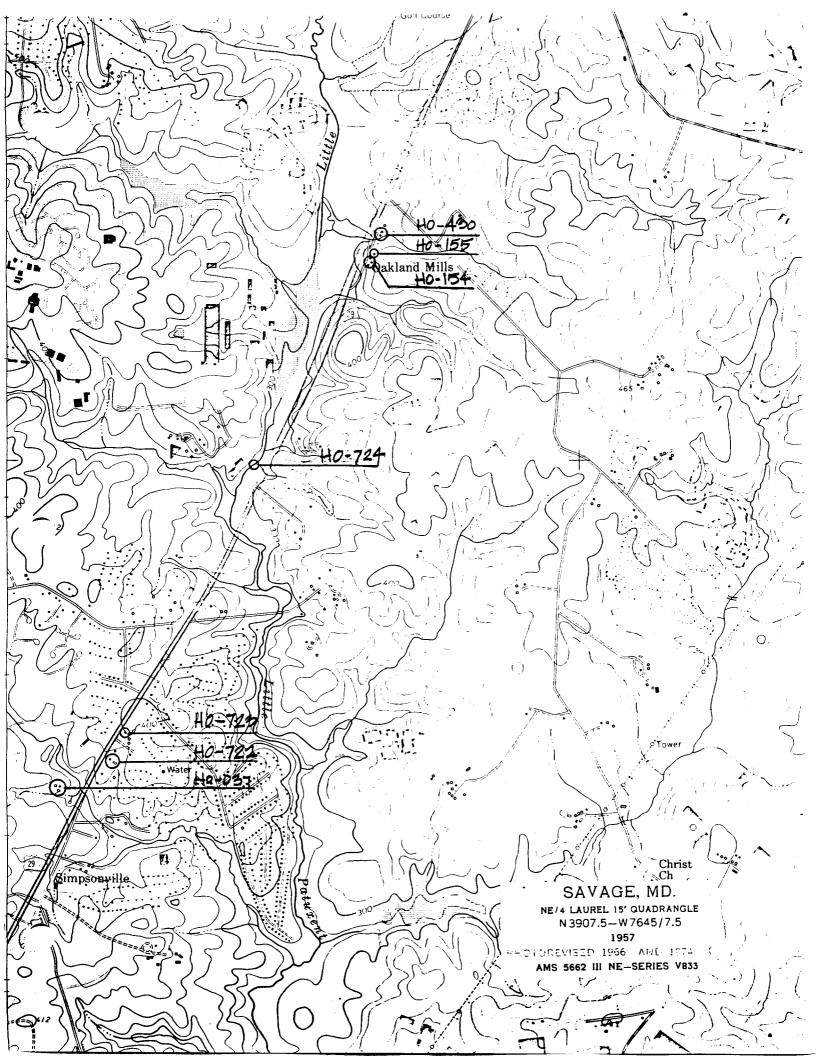
name of property

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June 2, 1920	Charles and Eva W. Holland to Annie Stromberg 20.75 acres conveyed Land Records of Howard County Liber HBN 110 Folio 228	
Deeds A and B:		
October 31, 1927	James Clark, trustee to sell estate of Annie C. Stromberg in case of Mary V.S. Eusor et al, plaintiffs, vs. Catherine Stromberg, infant defendant, to Paul E. Stromberg Equity case #2930 Land Records of Howard County Liber HBN 132 Folio 80	
October 31, 1927	Paul E. Stromberg to Melvin I. and Emma Mildred Coar Land Records of Howard County Liber HBN 132 Folio 83	
April 13, 1946	Melvin I. and Emma Mildred Coar to Walter van Durand Three parcels totalling approximately 36 acres Land Records of Howard County Liber BMJr. 189 Folio 204	
July 24, 1950	Walter and Angela A. van Durand to John L. Clark, unmarried Land Records of Howard County Liber MWB 218 Folio 406	

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July 24, 1950	John L. Clark, unmarr A. van Durand Land Records of Howar Liber MWB 218	ied, to Walter and Angela rd County Folio 408
May 26, 1952	Walter van Durand (formerly van Durand) Land Records of Howar Liber MWB 235	
August 11, 1952	Ernest N. Cory, Jr., Durand Land Records of Howar Liber MWB 235	
December 23, 1952	Walter and Ann S. var Edwina Dike 7.135 acres Land Records of Howar Liber MWB 239	n Durand to Tross H. and rd County Folio 272
September 7, 1990	known as Sinclair Refi	t by company previously ining Company (originally 42 by Melvin I. and Emma BMJr. 174, Folio 221)

Were The Control of t RESOURCE Rte. 29 Old Columbia Rd., Columbia, Howard Gunty, MD 6680 Atho To Martin Rd. ∇ 2-stone addn, ∇ frame garage





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HO-037 Athol Howard County. MD Traceries 10/97 MD SHPO House, southwest elevation



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Traceries
10/07
MD SHPO
House, northwest elevation
3 of 10



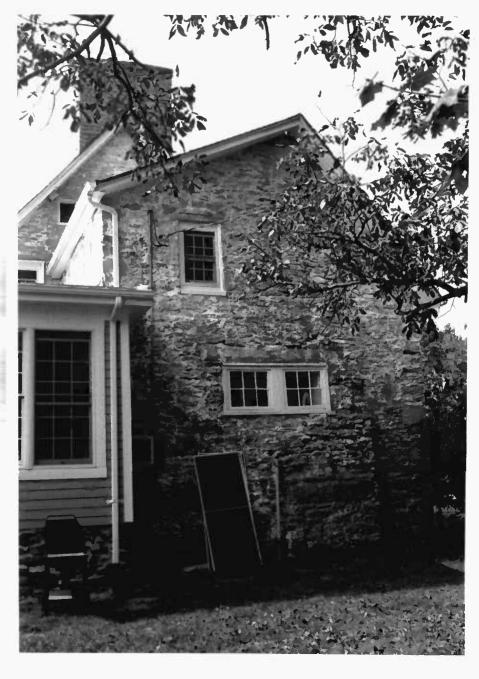




HO-037
Athol
Howard County, NID
Traceries
10197
MD SHPO
House, northwest elevation
40f 10



HO-037
Athol
Howard Lounty, MD
Tracenies
19197
MD SHPO
House, northeast elevation
5 of 10.



HO . 037 AHNOI Howard County, MD Traceries 10/97 MD SHPO House, northeast elevation 6 of 10



HO-037 Athol Howard County, MD Tracenes 10/97 MD SHPO House, northeast elevation



Athol Howard County, MD Tracenes 10197 MD SHPO Foundation wall (northeast) beneath conservatory 8 of 10

HO-037



HO-037 Athol Howard County, MD Traceries 10/97 MDSHPO Garage, east corner 9 0/ 10



HO-037 Athol Howard county, MD Traceries 10/97 MD SHPO Shed, east corner

10 of 10

*

Athol, the original rectory of the Old Brick Church or Christ Church, Guilford was built by the Reverend James MacGill who came from England to become the first episcopal priest in charge of Queen Caroline Parish Church, a chapel of Ease for Queen Anne's Parish in Annapolis.

It sits on a gently sloping hill west of Route 29 and south of Owen Brown Road.

It is composed of two wings facing south, the west wing completed in 1740 and the east wing addition constructed circa 1768.

The west wing is a one and a half story high, high-pitched gable roof (running east-west) stone structure two bays deep and three bays wide on the north wall, five bays wide on the south wall with wide east and west chimneys. Central rectangular north and south entrance doors surmounted by three lite transoms connect the central hall and stairway which has its original hand turned spindles and knewel post.

Three gabled roof dormer windows are placed on the north and south elevations. The east wing kitchen addition is a two bay wide, two bay deep one and half story high, high pitched gable roof stone structure with shed roofed enclosed porch lying on the south elevation. Constructed in ten years by the Reverend James MacGill with the aid of English brick masons who had the stone and left as their legacy one of Howard County's finest and most notable historic and architectural landmarks.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

NOMINATION FORM

for the NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

	COMMON:	2. <u>56 901 - 1 </u>						
	A tho 1							
	AND/OR HISTORIC:							
2.	LOCATION							
STREET AND NUMBER:								
6680 U.S. Route 29, Columbia Pike								
Columbia								
	STATE COUNTY:							
	Maryland		COUNT	Howard				
3.	CLASSIFICATION							
	CATEGORY	1			ACCESSIBL			
	(Check One)		OWNERSHIP	STATUS	TO THE PUB			
	₹ District ☐ Building	☐ Public	Public Acquisition:	▼ Occupied	Yes:			
	Site Structure	⊠ Privote	☐ In Process	Unoccupied				
	☐ Object	☐ Both	☐ Being Consider	Preservation w				
				in progress	. □ No			
	PRESENT USE (Check One or More se Appropriate)							
	I	Yernment	☐ Pork	Transportation	Comments			
	Commercial Industrial Private Residence Other (Specify)							
	☐ Educational ☐ Militory ☐ Religious							
F	Entertainment Museum Scientific							
4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY							
	Edwina S. Dike							
	STREET AND NUMBER:							
	6680 U.S. Route 29							
	CITY OR TOWN:		STA	TE:				
	Columbia City		1	Maryland	2104			
5.	LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION							
	COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:							
	Hall of Records							
	Howard County Courthouse							
	CITY OR TOWN:							
	Ellicott City			Maryland 21043				
	Title Reference of Current Deed (Book & Do. 4) - lax Man 35 all 3							
6,	REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS 275-63 14 302 acros							
	TITLE OF SURVEY:							
	Howard County Historic Sites Inventory							
	OATE OF SURVEY: 1976							
	Maryland Historic							
	STREET AND NUMBER:							
	The state of the s							
	21 State Circle							
	21 State Circle CITY OR TOWN! Annapolis		STA	re, aryland	21401			

7.	DESCRIPTION	•	i wasan ing		g jakaran da ja			
		X Excellent	☐ Good	☐ Fair	(Check One) Deteriorated	Rules	-Unexposed	
	CONDITION		(Check O	ne)	(Che	ock One)		
	-	☐ Ain	ored	☑ Uncltered		☐ Moved	Orlginal Site	
			SICINAL (III be	ATTAL SHIP	LAPPEAGANCE			

Athol, the original rectory of the Old Brick Church or Christ Church, Guilford was built by the Reverend James Macquill who came from England to become the first episcopal priest in charge of the Old Brick Church or more offically, Queen Caroline Parish Church, a Chapel of Ease for Queen Anne's Parish in Annapolis.

It sits on a gently sloping hill west of Route 29 and south of Owen Brown Road, and is composed of two wings, the west wing completed in 1740 and the east wing addition constructed circa 1768.

The west wing is a one and a half story high, pitched gable roof (running east-west) stone structure two bays deep and five bays wide facing south, with wide stone chimneys inset into its east and west walls. Central rectangular north and south entrance doors surmounted by three lite transoms connect the central hall and stairway which has its original hand turned spindles and knewel post. Three gabled roof dormer windows are placed in the roof on the north and south elevations.

The west wall of the west wing holds two first floor windows, two second floor double hung windows with six-over-six lights and two third floor casement windows, on either side of the wide central chimney which holds four flues. Windows are decorated with flat stone lintels and wooden sills on the second floor and wooden lintels on the first floor.

The south entrance door is approached by four wide steps and flanked by two rectangular double-hung windows with four-over-four lites while the north entrance door is flanked by only one double-hung window holding four-over-four lites.

The east wall holds a third floor casement window in the south bay while the original one and a half story kitchen east addition rests along its almost entire elevation. Constructed of stone, it is two bays wide and two bays deep with a high pitched babled roof. It holds two six lite rectangular windows on the north wall, a six lite casement window on the east wall on each side of the remains of the original central kitchen chimney and two east and west bay windows flanking a rectangular south entrance into the kitchen. An enclosed shed roofed porch lies along the south wall of this kitchen wing which may or may not have been added at the time of the construction of the kitchen wing circa 1768. It holds on its south wall three rectangular double hung windows with six-over-one lites and a rectangular entrance door in the second east bay of the south wall surmounted by a six lite transom. When looking at the north elevation the two wings appear to be one. It is only on the south and east elevation that the smaller scale of the east wing appears.

A stone lintel is placed on the south elevation above a cellar window with the initials JSM standing for Jamie and Sarah Mac ς ill and the date 1740 in the following manner M

Athol took ten years to build. In 1952 when Mr. & Mrs. Dikes bought Athol it took two years of study and ten years to restore the old 18th century house. The living room which takes up the entire western side of

HO-37 District 5

the west wing may at one time have been two rooms but this is conjecture and has remained one large room in its restoration.

Victorian woodwork and mantlepiece enclosed the whole fireplace constructed of interior splayed brick. This was uncovered and with it a mammoth fireplace of stone constructure with a large stone centered in back which appears to have on its face a chalice surmounted by a paten, the bread and wine used in the communion service of the Episcopal Church, then the Church of England.

Chair rail and other woodwork in this room was copied after similar designs of the period in the restoration, some work being copies of the Patuxent Room in winter thru Delaware. Floors which were put in over the original floors are parkay. Bannisters, old door for upstairs closets and mantles were taken out of old homes.

The Victorian mantle piece in the original dining room now used as a den is similar to the one found in the living room and is a later addition. The walls were extended out for greater insultation and then plastered.

Upstairs there are two bedrooms each on the east and west side of the hall with a central bath on the north side of the house. Originally the kitchen was located in the basement. Bars in the windows kept people from pillaging the food and wine, while underneath the present kitchen through the crawl space in the cellar is a beehive oven in the base of the east chimney.

The rafters in the attic hold eight sided pillars with pegs. In between the rafters are original wooden shakes with hand made nails.

A marking stone inscribed Athol, 1730 is now located on land owned by the Rouse Company. A study of it conducted by Antioch revealed that the original plants around it have remained virtually untouched. The house originally continued virtually no closets. Clothes were placed in armoirs and the linen room had shelves. Pegs and hook were also used for clothes storage.

Horse racing and parties were held. People spent the night and slept on palets while musicians might well have used the upstairs landing as a musicians balcony.

PERIOD (Chack One or More as Appropriate)							
Pre-Columbian	☐ 16th Century	[18th Century	20th Century				
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	☐ 19th Century					
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	ele and Known)						
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck Ona or More as Appropri	lata)					
Abor iginal	■ Education	Political	Urben Planning				
Prohistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specity)				
	☐ Industry	lasaphy					
☐ Agriculture	☐ Invention	Sciance					
₹ Architecture	☐ Landscope	☐ Sculpture					
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-					
Commerce	Literature	itarian					
☐ Communications	☐ Military	Theater					
☐ Conservation	Music	☐ Transportation					

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Athol was begun in 1730 and completed in 1740. It is therefore, one of the earliest remaining homes of Howard County and should be considered for inclusion into the National Register as an excellent example of early Georgian style architecture as exemplified in Howard County, Maryland.

The following is a copy of the original land grant of King Charles to James Macq ill. A corner stone on Athol dated 1740 gives the date of completion of Athol while this grant (P.L #8, olio 604 Land Office, Annapolis, Maryland) gives the date of August 17, 1732. A stone found on the property is dated 1730-Athol. Athol was thus constructed between the years of 1730 and 1740.

"Charles R. know ye that forein consideral that the Rev. James MacGill of Ann Arundel County in our Province of Maryland due unto him 600 acres of land with in our same province by virtue of two warrant for that quantity granted him, the one for 400 acres, bearing date 1st day of Septem 17 and 30 and the other for the remaining 200 acres bearing date the 19 Jan. in the same year as appeared in our land office and upon such condition and forms as are expressed in our conditions of plantation of our said Provence bearing date the 5th day of April 1684 and remain upon record in our Provence. Together with such attention as in them are made by our further considerations, bearing date the 4th day of December 1696. Together also with the attention made by our instructions, bearing date London at London the 12th day of September 1712 and registered in our secretary's office of our said Province, we do therefore, hereby grant unto him the said James MacGill all that tract or parcell of land called Athol, lying and being in the County aforesaid in a fork of Patuxent River called Winkepin fork beginning at a bounded white oak now bounded and a stone erected on the one side J.M. and on the other thus 17X30 standing at the end of the north 73° and a half east 232 purchase (their method of measurement) course of a tract of land called Hunting Ground which said tree and stone stands on the east side (had been hidden by people until Rouse bought the land - it is on Rouse Company property-if there is ever a dispute in County overland, they go back to that stone. HRD had Antioch make a survey. The plants around this stone were undistrubed all these years - ie original azellas) high the mouth of a fork of a run called Beaver's Run and Running Thence south and by west 369 purchase thence north 80° and a half east 263 purchase thence north 24° and a half east one hundred forty three purchase and a half perch and thense north $18^{\rm O}$ west 153 purchase thence south 72 degrees west 45 purchase (a rod) thence north 180 west 53

Athol Sign. cont.

Thense north 72° east 45 purchase thense north 18° west 53 thense north 72° east 45 purchase thense north 18° west 104.

purchase thence south 76 degrees west 144 purchase thence with a straight line to the beginning place contain and now laid out for 600 acres of land more or less according to the certificate of survey thereof taken and returned into our land office, bearing date 22 day of January 1730 there so remain together with all rights, profits, benefits and privileges there unto belonging royal miners to have and to hold the same unto him the said James MacGill, his heirs and assigns forever to be holden of us and our heirs as of our manor of Ann Arundel in free and common serrage by fealty only for all mann er of service yielding and paying therfore yearly unto us and our heirs at our reciept of the city of St. Maries at the two most usual feasts in the year VIZ the feast of the communion of the Blessed Virgin Mary and St. Michael the Arch Angel by even and equal portions the rent of one pound, 4 shillings sterling in silver or gold and for a fine upon every alienation of the said land or any part or parcell therof one whole years rent in silver or gold or the full value thereof in such conditions as we andour heirs or such officer or offices as shall be appointed by us and our heirs from time to time to collect and recieve the same shall accept in discharges thereof at the choice of us and our heirs for such officer or offices aforesaid provided that if the said sum for a fine for alienation and shall not be paid unto us and our heirs or such officer or offices aforesaid before such alienation and the said alien ation entered upon record either in the provincial court or county court where the same parcel of land lyeth, within one month next after such alienation then the said alienation shall be void and of in effect. Given under our great seal of said Province of Md. the 29 day of August 1732.

Further, Athol's association with Reverned James MacGill, first rector of Christ Church, Guilford, established in 1728, ties it to the early religious and social practices of the day.

The church in the 1700's was the social focal point around which the leaders of Howard County flocked. Pew holders of the Old Brick Church included Thomas Worthington, Caleb Dorsey, Judge R. Ridgely and many other notable leaders of Howard County.

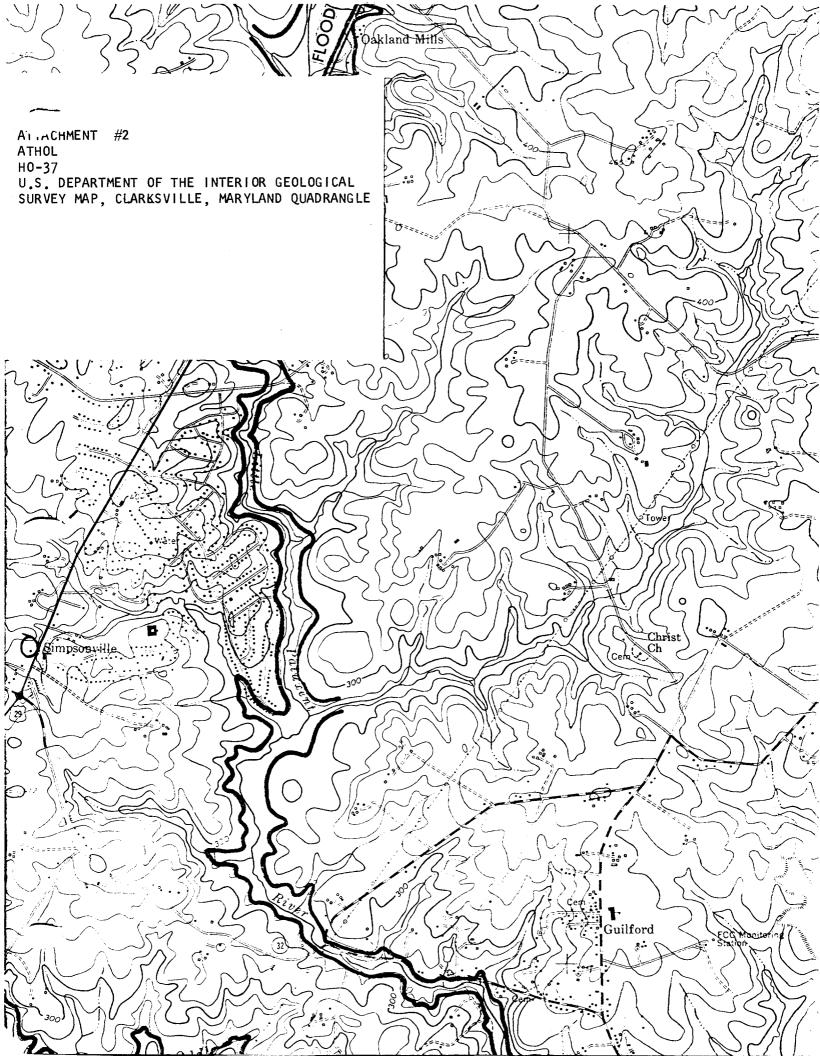
The influence of the church was of tremendous importance in almost every area of the life of the Howard Countian. Horse races were held on Sunday afternoon at Athol along with pot luck suppers, dances and all sorts of entertainment.

Of outstanding significance historically and architecturally Athol is a unique and significant feature in the life and development of Howard County and the State of Maryland and should be included into the National Register of Historic Places as the Rectory of the Old Brick Church.

Note: Moreland bought by James MacGill in 1768 BC-GS #18 Folio 441 Land Office, Annapolis, Maryland.

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MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES										
		eld, J. D. 1972. pp			Arunde	1	and Howard (Counties	, Maryla	<u>nd</u> . Balti-
	Stein, C.F.,Jr. <u>History of Howard County, Maryland, Ba</u> ltimore, 1972 p. 270 p. 280									
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	Significance of this property is:									
	National : State : Local :									
		Signatur								







DIST 5 HO-37 ATHOL CB THOMPSON



ATHOL (40-37) SUMMER, 1929

FROM LEFT:

1. MELVIN I. COAR (1900-1948) OWNER FROM 1927 to 1946 2. MARY COAR (1862-1957) AUNT OF MELUIN COAR

3 MARY CHARLOTTE COAR (Mrs. HAMILTON HAINS, Jr.) (1928-)

DAUGHTER OF MELVIN COAR

CURRENTLY ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, HOWARD CO. HISTORICAL SOCIETY 4. HILDA CAROLINE COAR (MIS. RICHARD B. BOCKMILLER) (1910 -)

* CUPOLA WAS REMOVED BY COAR DUE TO DETERIORATION.

DONATED BY: STEPHEN R. BOCKMILLER STUDENT INTERN, HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING MARCH 2, 1988